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제한시간: *50*분

*	$[1{\sim}4]$ 다음 밑줄 친 단어의 뜻과 가장 가 n	우운 것을 고르시오. (2×4=8점)	
1.	The smoke that comes from a lit cigar chemicals.	rette contains many different poisonous	
	(A) toxic	(B) beneficial	
	(C) intolerable	(D) false	
2.	Whereas rock is <u>brittle</u> , metal is tough a (A) hard (C) huge	and can be beaten and bent into shape. (B) sticky (D) fragile	
3.	No one had ever <u>unearthed</u> the bones of the dinosaurs lying beneath the soil.		
	(A) buried	(B) discovered	
	(C) paid attention to	(D) looked over	
4.	For those who first come to America, New York is the most <u>intimidating</u> place in the country.		
	(A) exciting	(B) secretive	
	(C) frightening	(D) promising	
*	[5~10] 다음 밑줄 친 빈칸에 들어갈 가장	알맞은 것을 고르시오. (2×6=12점)	
5.	an individual displays generosity little chance of attaining social recognition	in all his dealings with people, he stands	
	(A) As	(B) In addition to	
	(C) Because	(D) Unless	
6.	Like the human body, an industrial soot the whole organism.	ciety has its vital organs, paralyzes	
	(A) the destruction of which	(B) of which destruction	
	(C) destruction of which	(D) to destroy which	
7.	characterizes almost all Hollywood pictures is their inner emptiness.		
	(A) It	(B) That	
	(C) What	(D) Which	

8.		an education is an unfortunate victim of one of the greatest 20th-century opportu- (B) of (D) by		
9.	the importance of education, learning. (A) Convince (C) Convincing of	modern states invest in institutions of (B) Convinced (D) Convinced of		
10.		e exact location, time, or intensity of an quake may not take place at all. (B) As a result (D) In case		
※ [11∼14] 다음 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법에 <u>어긋나는</u> 것을 고르시오. (2×4=8점)				
11. When my mother returned from her job that night, I insisted that she stand still (A) (B) and listened while I counted to one hundred. (C) (D)				
12.	According to court statistics, 47 percent (A) by couples who were between their second (D)	(B) (C)		
13.	3. The annals of natural history $\underline{\text{contain}}$ many $\underline{\text{astonished}}$ examples of the ability of (A) (B) animals to $\underline{\text{find}}$ their way home after $\underline{\text{making}}$ distant journeys. (D)			
14.	Adapting to a new place forces people so (A) and often learn a new language. (D)	eek out new friends, face new problems, (B) (C)		
%	$[15{\sim}20]$ 다음 밑줄 친 빈칸에 들어갈 가정	· 알맞은 것을 고르시오. (2×6=12점)		
15. Radium has helped the to understand the source of the sun's energy and that of other stars, and it points the way by which the engineer may one day				

	obtain power by harnessing the containe (A) physician (C) astronomer	ed energy of the atom. (B) biologist (D) astronaut	
16.	6. The eye of the storm is that one specific spot in the center of a twister cane, or tornado that is calm, almost isolated from the frenzy of activity. thing around the center is violent and turbulent, but the center remains How nice it would be if we too could be calm and serene in the midst o — in the eye of the storm.		
	(A) twisted(C) peaceful	(B) burst(D) whirling	
17.	-	ys are You play to win, and the	
18.	. We know that too much animal fat is bad for our health. For example, Americans eat a lot of meat and only a small amount of grains, fruit, and vegetables Because of their diet, they have high rates of cancer and heart disease. In Japan, in contrast, most people eat large amounts of grains and very little meat The Japanese (A) have very low rates of cancer and heart disease (B) have similar rates of cancer and heart disease (C) have no health-related problems (D) live shorter than Americans		
19.	are greater facilities for travelling today	has become an industry. No doubt there than a hundred years ago, and govern- than a hundred the tourist trade, tole much more than his grandfather. (B) for fear (D) with the result	
20.	A friend of mine, in response to a conversation we were having about injustices of life, asked me the question, "Who said life was going to be fair that it was even meant to be fair?" Her question was a good one. It remine of something. I was taught as a youngster: It's a bummer, but absolutely true. Ironically, recognizing this sobering fact can be a very liberating.		
	(A) Life is fair.(C) Life is short.	(B) Life isn't fair.(D) Life is long.	
	(C) LIIC ID DIIOIC	(D) DIO IOIE,	

※ [21~23] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오. (3×3=9점)

- 21. 밑줄 ①에 들어갈 알맞은 것은?
 - (A) while

(B) so

(C) because

- (D) on the other hand
- 22. 밑줄 ②에 들어갈 알맞은 것은?
 - (A) we praise him for his intoxication
 - (B) the pleasure would be all to the good
 - (C) we denounce him for the neglect of his family
 - (D) the pleasure diminishes as time goes by
- 23. 윗글의 내용과 맞지 않는 것은?
 - (A) We usually consider pleasure from malevolence bad.
 - (B) In some cases pleasure from cruelty can be good.
 - (C) Drunkenness may be deemed bad when it causes hangover.
 - (D) Morality should be based on the inherent value of a thing.

※ [24~26] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오. (3×3=9점)

The ancient Hebrews regarded the body of a dead person as something unclean and not to be touched. The early American Indians talked about the evil spirits and shot arrows in the air to drive the spirits away. Many other cultures have rituals to take care of the "bad" dead person, and they all originate in this feeling of anger which still exists in all of us, though we dislike admitting it. The tradition of the tombstone may originate in this wish to keep the bad spirits deep down in the ground, and the pebbles that many mourners put on the grave are left-over symbols of the same wish. Though we call the firing of guns at military funerals a last salute, it is the

same symbolic ritual as the Indian used when he shot his spears and arrows into the skies.

- 24. 윗글의 제목으로 가장 좋은 것은?
 - (A) Fear of Death

(B) Tradition of Tombstone

(C) Evil Spirits

- (D) Rituals for the Dead
- 25. Why do some mourners place pebbles on the grave?
 - (A) To show their sorrow at their fathers' death
 - (B) To prevent the bad spirits from coming up
 - (C) Because it has been a long tradition.
 - (D) Because they don't want to touch the body of a dead person.
- 26. 윗글의 내용에 비추어 옳지 않은 것은?
 - (A) Death is still a dreadful thing to man.
 - (B) The fear of death is universal.
 - (C) Man's way of coping with death has never been changed.
 - (D) Man has endeavored to master the fear of death.

※ [27~29] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오. (3×3=9점)

interest to the students of social science, it powerfully conditions all of our thinking about social problems and processes. Human beings do not live in the objective world alone, nor alone in the world of social activity as ordinarily understood, but are very much at the mercy of the particular language which has become the medium of expressions for their society. It is quite an illusion to imagine that one adjusts to reality essentially without the use of language and that language is merely an incidental means of solving specific problems of communication or reflection. The fact of the matter is that the "real world" is to a large extent unconsciously built up on the language habits of the group. No two languages are ever sufficiently similar to be considered as representing the same social reality. The worlds in which different societies live are distinct worlds, not merely the same world with different labels attached.

27. 윗글 빈칸 ①에 들어갈 알맞은 문장은?

- (A) Language is a guide to social reality
- (B) Language is a means of solving communication problems
- (C) Language is a social activity
- (D) Language is a medium of expression

- 28. 윗글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?
 - (A) 두 개의 다른 언어가 똑같은 사회 현실을 반영하기도 한다.
 - (B) 언어는 보통 사회 과학도에게 가장 중요한 관심거리이다.
 - (C) 사회문제에 대한 인간의 생각은 언어에 많은 영향력을 행사한다.
 - (D) 현실 사회는 구성원들의 언어 습관에 기초하고 있다.
- 29. 윗글의 내용에서 이끌어 낼 수 있는 것으로 올바른 것은?
 - (A) 미국과 영국은 똑같은 사회 현실을 갖고 있다.
 - (B) 한 언어권의 구성원들은 모두 동일한 언어 습관을 지니게 된다.
 - (C) 적절한 언어의 사용은 사회 적응력을 키워 준다.
 - (D) 언어는 사회 현실의 반영이므로 그 순수성을 지켜 나가야 한다.
- ※ [30] 다음 괄호 안의 단어들을 문맥에 맞게 배열한 것은? (3점)

Dr. Kagan's research suggests that 35 to 40% of babies are born with a very relaxed approach to the world around them. Many of the babies he studied react to stress (①excitability ②a ③low ④with ⑤of ⑥degree), as gauged by physical indicators such as heartbeat, blood pressure and adrenaline secretion.

- (A) 4 3 2 1 5 6
- (B) 4 2 3 6 5 1
- (C) 4 6 5 2 3 1
- (D) 5 2 6 4 3 1
- ※ [31~33] 다음 글의 빈칸에 알맞은 영어 단어 하나를 쓰시오. (4×3=12점)
- 31. It is somewhat unusual in Korea for a group of friends, colleagues, or superiors and subordinates to go _____ and split the bill for dinner or drinks. Rather, each person takes turns and pays for the whole group. In North America, people generally insist on paying their own way.
- 32. Humor is an integral part of human interaction. In fact, humor is so commonplace that we often _____ it for granted. However, Wen-Shu Lee attempts to alert us to some of the problems in the use of humor when our communication partner is from a culture different from our own.

- 33. In the organization of industrial life the influence of the factory upon the physiological and mental state of the workers has been completely neglected. Modern industry is based on the conception of the m_____ production at lowest cost, in order that an individual or a group of individuals may earn as much money as possible. (반드시 주어진 글자로 시작하는 단어를 쓸 것.)
- ※ [34~35] 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분을 우리말로 옮기시오.
- 34. It is clear that industrialism requires somewhat different virtues from those that were required in a pre-industrial community. But there is wide-spread misapprehension as to the nature of those virtues, owing to the fact that moralists confine their survey to a short period of time, and are more interested in the success of the individual than in that of the race. (8%)

35. The International Monetary Fund (IMF) was established by a conference at Bretton Woods (New Hampshire, U. S. A), in July 1944 with the economic and political ends in mind. As states borrowed larger amounts, so stricter conditions would be imposed to encourage them to reduce their budget and trade deficits. (10점)